

A histological section of colon tissue stained with hematoxylin and eosin (H&E). The image shows several intestinal crypts. On the left, the crypts are relatively normal, lined by a simple columnar epithelium with goblet cells. On the right, there is a transition to dysplastic tissue, where the crypt architecture is distorted, the epithelial cells are more crowded and hyperchromatic, and the normal mucin production is reduced. This area represents a precancerous lesion, likely an adenoma.

# IDENTIFICACIÓ DE CÈL·LULES CANCERÍGENES

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